



Anti Bullying Policy

The Grange Primary School

Headteacher	Larissa Thorpe
Policy Developed in conjunction with:	School Council Senior Leadership Team Governors Parents
Chair of Governors	Jamie Rowbottom (acting chair)
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Other relevant documentation: Pupil Anti-Bullying Leaflet, Behaviour Policy, Lunchtime Procedure and Policy, Special Educational Needs Policy, Racial Equality Policy, Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

1. Principles and Values

- 1.1 At The Grange Primary School we firmly believe that every child in our care has the right to feel safe, secure and happy in school or in off-site activities. We recognise the seriousness of all forms of bullying and the impact it can have on those involved. The ethos of our school fosters high expectations of outstanding behaviour. We recognise the value of talking about bullying and of equipping students with strategies for dealing with bullying should they encounter it.
- 1.2 All members of the Governing Body, staff, students and parents should have a joint understanding of what bullying is and what the school's procedures are for responding to bullying. Information will be shared on the school website, through regular events and/or workshops for parents/carers.
- 1.3 As a school we take bullying seriously. Students, staff and parents and anyone associated with the school should be assured that we do not tolerate bullying and that they will be supported when such behaviour is reported.
- 1.4 This policy has been devised in-line with the statutory regulations set out in Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2022. It links with other school policies practices and action plans including:-
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
 - Behaviour Policy
 - Complaints Policy
 - Computing and Online Safety Policy
 - Curriculum Policies
 - Promoting Fundamental British Values
 - Staff Conduct
 - Whistleblowing
 - Equality and Diversity Policy
- 1.5 Bullying of staff by pupils, parents or colleagues, is unacceptable. Where this occurs the Governors and Headteacher will follow the appropriate policy. Anyone feeling aggrieved will be encouraged to follow the procedures outlined in the Complaints and Whistleblowing Policies.

2. Definition of bullying

There is no universally accepted definition of bullying and sometimes parents / carers and children can get confused between what is bullying and what is a friendship fall out or relational conflict between children. The following provides a very simplistic guide to some of the differences between bullying and relational conflict.

2.1 Relational Conflict / Unkind Behaviour :

- Happens occasionally
- Accidental
- Equal Power
- Remorseful
- Effort to solve problem

2.2 Bullying is “Behaviour by an individual or a group, repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another individual or group either physically or emotionally.” (DfE Preventing and Tackling Bullying, 2017)

- Repeated hurtful behaviour
- Deliberate
- Imbalance of power
- No remorse
- No effort to solve problem

2.3 Bullying can be direct or indirect:-

Physical - kicking, hitting, taking belongings, sexual violence

Verbal - name calling, taunting, mocking, moderate/severe banter, making offensive comments, sexual harassment

Non-verbal – gestures, producing offensive graffiti

Psychological - deliberately excluding people from groups, threats.

2.4 This includes the same inappropriate harmful behaviours expressed via digital devices (sometimes known as cyber bullying.) Examples could be the sending of inappropriate messages by phone, text, Instant Messenger, through websites, social media sites and apps, and sending offensive or degrading imagery by mobile phones or via the internet.

2.5 Bullying behaviour is deliberately hurtful and ongoing. (It is not the same as random unprovoked aggressive acts.) It is unequal and difficult to counteract by the person being bullied as it involves a power imbalance. The imbalance of power can manifest itself in several ways:-

- physical - size of people involved, number of people involved
- psychological – knowing what upsets someone and deliberately doing it
- socially – deliberately isolating someone

It can result in the intimidation of a person or persons through the threat of violence or by isolating them either physically or online.

2.6 Low level disruption, offensive language, banter and horseplay will be challenged. Where this occurs clear expectations of behaviour will be set to prevent negative behaviours escalating.

2.7 An act, or acts, of bullying can take place at any time in or outside school premises or hours. This policy will apply at any point whilst a child is a registered pupil at our school. All staff are trained to be vigilant about all forms of bullying and/or peer abuse.

3. Forms of bullying

3.1 Bullying can happen to anyone. This policy covers all types of bullying including:-

Bullying relating to **Race and Culture** - derogatory assumptions or generalisations about colour of skin, accent or the way they talk, ethnic grouping, references to terrorism, dress etc.

Bullying relating to **Religion** – derogatory assumptions or generalisations about religion, religious taunts and intolerance.

Bullying relating to **Disability** - derogatory assumptions or generalisations about a young person's disability.

Bullying relating to **Sexual Issues**– unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments including sexual harassment and sexual violence.

Bullying relating to **Sexual orientation**- Homophobic / LGBTQ+ - ridicule, gestures, malicious warning others about a person, put downs, insults, etc.

Bullying relating to **Perceived Differences** – the way someone looks, talks etc.

Bullying relating to **Special Educational Needs** - learning difficulties or being gifted/talented

Bullied because they are a **Child in care or Adopted**

Bullied because they are a **Young Carer**

Bullied because of **Other** reasons i.e. jealousy, friendships

3.2 Child on Child abuse is where children can abuse other children and this can take many forms.

This can include (but is not limited to) bullying (including cyberbullying); sexual violence and sexual harassment; physical abuse such as hitting, kicking, shaking, biting, hair pulling, or otherwise causing physical harm; sexting and initiating / hazing type violence and rituals.

3.3 We are a TELLING school. We encourage and support all members of our school community to report bullying. Students may not be aware that they are being bullied due to their age, level of special educational need or vulnerability. It is the responsibility of the school community to be vigilant and ensure that all our students feel and are safe.

4. Why is it important to respond to bullying?

4.1 Bullying hurts. No one deserves to suffer from bullying. Everybody has the right to be treated with respect. Students and staff who are bullying need to learn different ways of behaving. The school will take necessary steps to assist this change in behaviour including disciplinary action.

4.2 A proactive approach to identify and act upon potential signs of bullying will help in dealing with issues prior to them being formally raised. The signs and behaviours (below) could indicate other problems, but bullying should be considered a possibility and should be investigated.

Other signs may be present which are not mentioned here:-

Frightened of walking to and from school

Does not want to go to school by public/school transport

Changes their school routine

Begins to truant

Becomes withdrawn, anxious or lacking in confidence

Cries themselves to sleep at night

Has nightmares

Feels ill in the morning

School results begin to drop
Has possessions which are damaged or go missing
Comes home starving
Frightened to say what is wrong
Is afraid to use the internet or mobile phone
Is nervous and jumpy when a cyber message is received

5. Anti-Bullying Education in the Curriculum

5.1 At The Grange Primary School we use a variety of methods to support students in preventing and understanding the consequences of bullying:-

PSHE, Jigsaw
Relationships and Sex Education lessons
Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural (SMSC) curriculum
School vision and assembly themes
Class assemblies
Anti-bullying week
Safer Internet Day
Online safety lessons
Friendship fallouts and restorative practice lessons
Cross-cutting themes in other curriculum areas (English, Drama, History)
School awards
Buddy / peer mentors,
Worry eater, bubble time, I need to talk box
Outside speakers and theatre companies

5.2 The anti-bullying coordinator(s) are responsible for initiating and developing (with other colleagues) an anti-bullying programme as part of the curriculum. Other appropriate staff are responsible for delivering the anti-bullying materials to members of the school community as part of a planned programme of study.

6. Pupil Voice

6.1 Students are involved in the prevention of bullying as and when appropriate. This includes:-

Writing the school and class rules and charter
Writing a personal pledge or promise against bullying
Creating role-plays about what to do through scenarios of bullying
Having discussions about bullying and why it matters that children who use unacceptable behaviour towards others are dealt with quickly
Ensuring that their peers know how to express worries and anxieties about bullying
Developing a student version of the anti-bullying policy
Publicising the details of helplines, websites and report buttons
Supporting each other via the mini/buddy/peer mentor scheme

7. Anti-bullying Procedures

7.1 Parents

- 7.1.1 If parents suspect their child is being bullied they should contact the school. Parents should be prepared to talk about the signs and symptoms that they have observed and any suspicions they have about those carrying out the bullying.
- 7.1.2 Parents must leave the initial investigation to the school. Any attempt to resolve the issue themselves is likely to make the matter worse.
- 7.1.3 Parents should encourage their child to talk to an appropriate member of staff in the first instance, or a student trained in anti-bullying such as a buddy or peer mentor.

7.2 Students

- 7.2.1 If a student thinks they are being bullied they must tell an adult that they trust (parent, member of staff) or use the anti-bullying system (worry eater or buddy / peer mentor.) They must be able to explain what form the bullying is taking and how it affects them.
- 7.2.2 Students who witness bullying or an incident which they feel may be bullying must tell an adult, parent, member of the pastoral team or other member of staff

7.3 Staff

7.3.1 If bullying is reported to a member of staff they will record the details as presented to them on CPOMS and pass these on to the anti-bullying lead. Due to the Child Protection policy, no promise of confidentiality can be given.

7.3.2 Where an incident involves sexual violence or sexual harassment refer to Child Protection procedures inline with Keeping Children Safe in Education, 2022.

7.3.3 During the investigations care must be promoted for the student who perceives themselves as being bullied as well as the alleged student showing bullying behaviour.

7.3.4 Time out / reflection time may be used if deemed appropriate during the investigation.

7.3.5 Parents should be informed and will be asked to come in for a meeting to discuss the problem as part of the investigation.

7.3.6 Consequences may be applied where bullying is identified.

8. Persistent bullying

8.1 If a student continues to share that they are being bullied, they will be provided with a log book /diary to record this. For younger children or those with special educational needs and/or disabilities support will be given.

8.2 Staff and Governors will decide next steps for students who persist in bullying behaviours in-line with other school policies and plans including the school's behaviour and discipline policy.

9. Students who have experienced bullying behaviour will be:

Given an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with an adult whom they feel safe with and whom they find easy to talk to.
Offered reassurance to ensure that the student feels safe again.
Consulted on a program to help build-up their self-esteem, confidence and resilience with a member of the pastoral team.
Referred to a buddy/peer mentor if appropriate.
Referred to a counsellor if appropriate.
Offered continuous advice and support for their parents.
Be informed about the outcome of the investigation into their concerns.
Referred to Children's Services where appropriate (e.g. where there are safeguarding concerns.)

10. Students who have engaged in bullying behaviour will be:

Given an opportunity to discuss what happened with an adult and explain why they became involved.
Offered time to help them reflect on their behaviour and understand the harm that they have caused.
Consulted on a program to develop their social and emotional skills and positive behavioural strategies with a member of the pastoral team.
Given time to learn the steps they need to take to repair the harm they have caused and ensure they can make a choice to avoid bullying behaviour in the future.
Informed that their parents/carers will be involved to help change the attitude and behaviour of the student.
Referred to other agencies (if necessary) including the Police and Children's Services to support a change in behaviour.
Referred to a counsellor (if necessary)
Invited to attend a mediation (restorative practice) meeting with the student who experienced the bullying to resolve issues and prevent a reoccurrence.

10.2 Changing the attitude and behaviour of students who engage in bullying behaviour will be part of the positive procedures used by the school. However the school recognises that consequences will also have to be used with students who exhibit this form of behaviour. (See Behaviour Policy.)

11. Complaints

11.1 If a parent or carer is dissatisfied with the response made by the school following a reported incident of bullying, s/he may make a complaint in accordance with the School's Complaints Policy.

12. Equal Opportunities

12.1 In implementing this policy all members of staff must take into account the school's Equal Opportunities policy. Staff must ensure that no student is involved in any incident of bullying is disadvantaged on the grounds of gender, race, disability, sexual orientation, age, religion or belief.

13. Responsibilities

13.1 It is the responsibility of:

The Head teacher to communicate the policy to the school community and to feedback the effectiveness of the policy in the Annual Report to Governors.

School Governors to take a lead role in monitoring and reviewing this policy including liaising regularly with the Anti-bullying coordinator.

Governors, the Head teacher, Senior Managers, Teaching and Non-Teaching staff to be aware of this policy and implement it accordingly.

Staff to support and uphold the policy.

Parents/carers to support their children and work in partnership with the school.

Pupils to abide by the policy.

The named Governor with lead responsibility for this policy is: **Sheila Hansford**

The anti-bullying co-ordinator(s) with lead responsibility for this policy are: **Mrs Hempstock and Mrs Fanthorpe.**

14. **Monitoring, Evaluation and Review**

The Governors will review this policy every 2 years and assess its implementation and effectiveness.

This policy was approved by the Governing Body on: January 2023

This policy will be monitored and reviewed on: January 2025

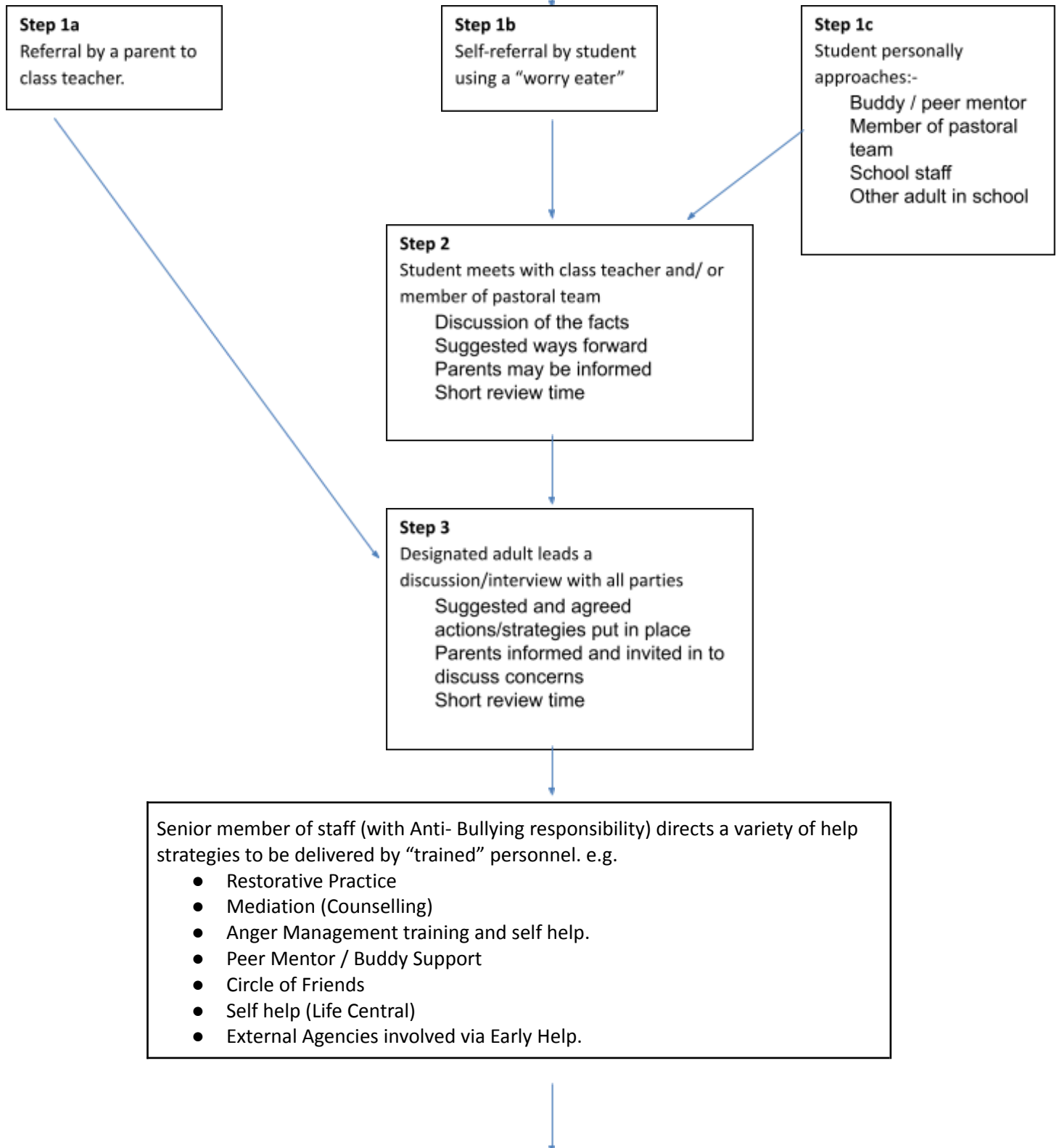
The named Governor for bullying will report on a regular basis to the governing body on incidents of bullying and outcomes.

The school will ensure that they regularly monitor and evaluate mechanisms to ensure that the policy is being consistently applied.

Any issues identified will be incorporated into the school's action planning.

Appendix 1: Recommended Procedures in School for Reporting Bullying Pathways of Help.

Child is bullied



Step 5

Headteacher and Chair of Governors and inform / seek advice from LA Anti-Bullying Officer.

Appendix 2: Supporting Organisations and Guidance

- Anti-Bullying Alliance: www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk
- Childline: www.childline.org.uk
- DfE: “Preventing and Tackling Bullying: Advice for Headteachers, staff and governing bodies” and “Supporting children and young people who are bullied: Advice for schools” November 2014
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying>
- DfE: “No health without mental health”
<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/no-health-without-mental-health-a-cross-government-outcomes-strategy>
- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- MindEd: www.minded.org.uk
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- PSHE Association: www.pshe-association.org.uk
- Restorative Justice Council: www.restorativejustice.org.uk
- The Diana Anti-bullying Ambassador Award: www.diana-award.org.uk
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- Young Carers: www.youngcarers.net

Cyberbullying

- Childnet International: www.childnet.com
- Digizen: www.digizen.org
- Internet Watch Foundation: www.iwf.org.uk
- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk

LGBT

- EACH: www.eachaction.org.uk
- Pace: www.pacehealth.org.uk
- Schools Out: www.schools-out.org.uk
- Stonewall: www.stonewall.org.uk

SEND

- Anti-bullying Alliance All Together School:
<https://www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk/get-involved/become-all-together-school>
- Changing Faces: www.changingfaces.org.uk
- Mencap: www.mencap.org.uk
- DfE: SEND code of practice: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/send-code-of-practice-0-to-25>

Racism and Hate

- Anne Frank Trust: www.annefrank.org.uk
- Kick it Out: www.kickitout.org
- Report it: www.report-it.org.uk
- Stop Hate: www.stophateuk.org
- Educate Against Hate: www.educateagainsthate.com
- Show Racism the Red Card: www.srtrc.org/educational

Sexual Violence and Harassment

- Lucy Faithfull Foundation: <https://www.lucyfaithfull.org.uk/>
- Rape Crisis: <https://rapecrisis.org.uk/>
- The Blue Door: <https://www.thebluedoor.org/>
- Brook: <https://www.brook.org.uk/our-work/the-sexual-behaviours-traffic-light-tool>
- Stop it Now! <https://www.stopitnow.org.uk/>